Textbook Alignment to the Utah Core – 5th Grade Mathematics

This alignment has been completed using an "Inde (www.schools.utah.gov/curr/imc/ind	ependent Alignment Vendor" from the USO <mark>lvendor.html</mark> .) Yes <u> </u>	E approved list
Name of Company and Individual Conducting Alignment: <u>Star</u>		nson_
A "Credential Sheet" has been completed on the above company/ev	valuator and is (Please check one of the following	g):
☐ On record with the USOE.		
✓ The "Credential Sheet" is attached to this alignment.		
Instructional Materials Evaluation Criteria (name and grade of the	core document used to align): Grade 5 M	athematics
Title: Math Connects © 2009 Grade 5	ISBN#: <u>978-0</u>	-02-106024-5
Publisher: Macmillan/McGraw-Hill		
Overall percentage of coverage in the Student Edition (SE) and Teac	cher Edition (TE) of the Utah State Core C	Curriculum: <u>98</u> %
Overall percentage of coverage in ancillary materials of the Utah Co	ore Curriculum:%	
STANDARD I: Students will expand number sense to include integer decimals.	s and perform operations with whole num	bers, simple fractions, and
Percentage of coverage in the student and teacher edition for Standard I: 96 %	Percentage of coverage not in student or cillary material for Standard I:	
OBJECTIVES & INDICATORS	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	Coverage in Not covered in TE, SE or (titles, pg #'s, etc.)

	jective 1.1: Represent whole numbers and decimals from ousandths to one billion, fractions, percents, and integers.		
a.	Read and write numbers in standard and expanded form.	SE/TE: 14, 17-19, 23, 26-27, 32-35, 39, 50, 51, 53, 55, R2, R3	
b.	Demonstrate multiple ways to represent whole numbers, decimals, fractions, percents, and integers using models and symbolic representations (e.g., $108 = 2 \times 50 + 8$; $108 = 102 + 8$; $90\% = 90$ out of 100 squares on a hundred chart).	SE/TE: 18-19, 26-27, 28-29, 31, 33-35, 36-37, 46, 50, 51, 53, 60, 61-62, 78-79, 84-86, 88-90, 103-104, 106-107, 108-110, 112-113, 126-128, 139, 149-150, 156-157, 193-194, 198-199, 218-219, 235-236, 242-243, 244-245, 336-337, 338, 346-3417, 350-352, 356-357, 376-377, 378-379, 382-383, 386-387, 391-393, 396-397, 448, 533, LA2, LA3, LA6, R2, R3, R6, R9, R56-R57	
c.	Identify, read, and locate fractions, mixed numbers, decimals, and integers on the number line.	SE/TE: 36, 50, 61-62, 332, 350-353, 356-358, 365, 397533-535, 541, 549, 551, R2, R22, R23	
d.	Represent repeated factors using exponents.	See related content— SE/TE: 617	
e.	Describe situations where integers could be used in the students' environment.	SE/TE: 533-535, 538, 539-541, 544-545, 549, 551, R33	
	jective 1.2: Explain relationships and equivalencies among egers, fractions, decimals, and percents.		
a.	Compare fractions by finding a common denominator.	SE/TE: 399, 404-407, 410, 411, 412, 414, 415, 418, 432-433, 434-435, 437-438, 439-440, 447, 452-453, 455, 466, 467, 469, R26, R27	
b.	Order integers, fractions (including mixed numbers), and decimals using a variety of methods, including the number line.	SE/TE: 36, 42-45, 50, 62, 332, 350-353, 356-358, 365, 402-403, 487, 533-535, 541, 544, 549, 551, R2, R22, R23	
c.	Rewrite mixed numbers and improper fractions from one form to	SE/TE: 334, 336-337, 338-341,343, 346-	

	the other and represent each using regions, sets of objects, or line segments.	348, 349, 350-353, 356-357, R21, R22	
d.	Represent commonly used fractions as decimals and percents in a variety of ways (e.g., models, fraction strips, pictures, calculators, algorithms).	SE/TE: 26-27, 28-30, 31, 35, 37, 52, 391-393, 412, R56	
e.	Model and calculate equivalent forms of a fraction (including simplest form).	SE/TE: 26-27, 28-30, 382-384, 386-389, 391-393, 404-406, 411, 421-422, 423-425, 432-433, 434-436, 437-438, 439-441, 447, 450, 453-454, 455, 458-461, 465, 466, 468, 469, R27	
f.	Rename whole numbers as fractions with different denominators (e.g., $5 = 5/1$, $3 = 6/2$, $1 = 7/7$).	SE/TE: 336-337, 338-341, 346-347, 364, 478, R29	
div	ojective 1.3: Use number theory concepts to develop and use visibility tests; classify whole numbers to 50 as prime, inposite, or neither; and find common multiples and factors.		
a.	Identify patterns with skip counting and multiples to develop and use divisibility tests for determining whether a whole number is divisible by 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, and 10.	See related content— SE/TE: 6-7, 149-151	
b.	Use strategies for classifying whole numbers to 50 as prime, composite, or neither.	SE/TE: 376-377, 378-381, 411, R24	
c.	Rewrite a composite number between 2 and 50 as a product of only prime numbers.	SE/TE: 376-377, 378-381, 411, R24	
d.	Find common multiples and factors and apply to adding and subtracting fractions.	SE/TE: 396-399, 404-407, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 422, 434-436, 439-441, 465, R25	
	ejective 1.4: Model and illustrate meanings of multiplication d division.		
a.	Represent division-with-remainder using whole numbers,	SE/TE: 156-157, 158-161, 162-164, 170-	

	decimals, or fractions.	173, 174-175, 185, 187	
b.	Describe the effect of place value when multiplying and dividing whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100, and 1,000.	SE/TE: 103-105, 106-107, 108-110, 112- 115, 127-128, 138, 139, R7, R10	
c.	Model multiplication of fractions and decimals (e.g., tenths multiplied by tenths, a whole number multiplied by tenths, or a whole number with tenths multiplied by tenths) in a variety of ways (e.g., manipulatives, number line and area models, patterns).	SE/TE: 382-384, 386-387, 411, 412, R45	
Ob	jective 1.5: Solve problems involving one or two operations.		
a.	Determine when it is appropriate to use estimation, mental math strategies, paper and pencil, and algorithms.	SE/TE: 64-67, 74-75, 77, 95, 99, 613, R6	
b.	Make reasonable estimations of fraction and decimal sums, differences, and products, including knowing whether results obtained using a calculator are reasonable.	SE/TE: 64-67, 93, 95, 96, 97, 175-176, 444-446, 447, 466, 522-523, 547	
c.	Write number sentences that can be used to solve a two-step problem.	SE/TE: 176, 189, 193-195, 196, 198-201, 202-204, 205, 265, 269, R14, R15	
d.	Interpret division-with-remainder problems as they apply to the environment (e.g., If there are 53 people, how many vans are needed if each van holds 8 people?).	SE/TE: 159-161, 164, 165, 168-169, 170- 173, 186, 187	
div ado	jective 1.6: Demonstrate proficiency with multiplication and ision of whole numbers and compute problems involving lition, subtraction, and multiplication of decimals and ctions.		
a.	Multiply multi-digit whole numbers by a two-digit whole number with fluency, using efficient procedures.	SE/TE: 122-124, 125, 141, R9	
b.	Divide multi-digit dividends by a one-digit divisor with fluency, using efficient procedures.	SE/TE: 148, 149-151, 152-155, 158-161, 184, R10	
c.	Add and subtract decimals with fluency, using efficient procedures.	SE/TE: 78-79, 80-82, R6, R7	

d.	Add and subtract fractions with fluency.	SE/TE: 421-422, 423-425,428-431, 432-433, 434-436, 437-438, 439-441, 442-443,			
е.	Multiply fractions.	444-446, 447, R26, R27, R28 SE/TE: LA6-LA9			_
Si	TANDARD II: Students will use patterns and relations to represent gebraic symbols.		number relationsh	nips using	
	ercentage of coverage in the <i>student and teacher edition</i> for sandard II:	Percentage of coverage not in student or cillary material for Standard II:%		ut covered in	
0	BJECTIVES & INDICATORS	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	Coverage in Ancillary Material (titles, pg #'s, etc.)	Not covered in TE, SE or ancillaries ✓	
pre	jective 2.1: Identify, analyze and determine a rule for edicting and extending numerical patterns involving operations ole numbers, decimals, and fractions.				
a.	Analyze and make predictions about numeric patterns, including decimals and fractions.	SE/TE: 6-7, 394-395, 456, 662-663, 666-667			
b.	Determine a rule for the pattern using organized lists, tables, objects, and variables.	SE/TE: 6-7, 208-209, 210-213, 214-215, 401, 413, 496-497, 563, 577-578, 649, R14, R35			
	jective 2.2: Use algebraic expressions, inequalities, or nations to represent and solve simple real-world problems.				
a.	Use properties and the order of operations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and the use of parentheses to compute with whole numbers, decimals, and fractions.	SE/TE: 84-87, 96, 124, 126-129, 131, 138, 139, 142, 143, 218-222, 224, 228, 229, 231, LA18-LA21, LA25, R6, R15			
b.	Use patterns, models, and relationships as contexts for writing and solving simple equations and inequalities with whole number solutions (e.g., $6x = 54$; $x + 3 = 7$).	SE/TE: 232, 234, 235-236, 237-239, 240-241, 242-243, 244-245, 260-262, 271			

STANDARD III: Students will use spatial reasoning to recognize, describe, and analyze geometric shapes and principles.				
Percentage of coverage in the <i>student and teacher edition</i> for Standard III: 100 %		Percentage of coverage not in student or teacher edition, but covered in the ancillary material for Standard III:%		
O	BJECTIVES & INDICATORS	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	Coverage in Ancillary Material (titles, pg #'s, etc.)	Not covered in TE, SE or ancillaries ✓
diı	ojective 3.1: Describe relationships between two- and three- mensional shapes and analyze attributes and properties of ometric shapes.			
a.	Draw, label, and describe line segments, rays, lines, parallel lines, and perpendicular lines.	SE/TE: 556, 557-560, 561, 575, 597, 601, R34, R35		
b.	Draw, label, and define an angle as two rays sharing a common endpoint (vertex).	SE/TE: 558, 564-565		
c.	Classify triangles and quadrilaterals and analyze the relationships among the shapes in each classification (e.g., a square is a rectangle).	SE/TE: 566-569, 570-574, 575, 598, R35		
d.	Relate pyramids and right prisms to the two-dimensional shapes (nets) from which they were created.	SE/TE: 566-567, 628, 630, 631-635, 638-639, 640-643		
е.	Identify properties and attributes of solids (i.e., right prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones) and describe them by the number of edges, faces, and vertices as well as the types of faces.	SE/TE: 624-627, 628, 640-643, 644-645, 650, 652, 653, 655, 656, R38, R39, R55		
Эł	ojective 3.2: Specify locations in a coordinate plane.			
a.	Locate points defined by ordered pairs of integers.	SE/TE: 250-252, 253, 254-257, 263, 264-265, 270, 271, 273, 274, 589-590, 591, 599, 600, 601, R36		
b.	Write an ordered pair for a point in a coordinate plane with integer coordinates.	SE/TE: 250-252, 257, 263, 270, 278, 311, 579-580, 583-584, 587-588, 590, R36		

c. Specify possible paths between locations on a coordinate plane and compare distances of the various paths.	SE/TE: 250-252, 254		
STANDARD IV: Students will determine area of polygons and surf	ace area and volume of three-dimensional s	shapes.	
Percentage of coverage in the <i>student and teacher edition</i> for Standard IV: 100 %	Percentage of coverage not in student or covered in the ancillary material for Star	-	ut ⁄o
Objectives & Indicators	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	Coverage in Ancillary Material (titles, pg #'s, etc.)	Not covered in TE, SE or ancillaries
Objective 4.1: Determine the area of polygons and apply to realworld problems.			
a. Determine the area of a trapezoid by the composition and decomposition of rectangles, triangles, and parallelograms.	SE/TE: 614, 620-621, 643-646		
b. Determine the area of irregular and regular polygons by the composition and decomposition of rectangles, triangles, and parallelograms.	SE/TE: 612-615, 616-619, 621-622, 622, 635, 647		
c. Compare areas of polygons using different units of measure within the same measurement system (e.g., square feet, square yards).	SE/TE: 604, 612-613, 619, 623		
Objective 4.2: Recognize, describe, and determine surface area and volume of three-dimensional shapes.			
Quantify volume by finding the total number of same-sized units of volume needed to fill the space without gaps or overlaps.	SE/TE: 628, 630, 631-635, 652, 656		
Recognize that a cube having a 1 unit edge is the standard unit for measuring volume expressed as a cubic unit.	SE/TE: 628, 630, 631-633, R71		
Derive and use the formula to determine the volume of a right prism with a triangular or rectangular base.	SE/TE: 628, 630, 631-635, 644, 646, 653, 655, R39		
d. Relate the formulas for the areas of triangles, rectangles, or parallelograms to the surface area of a right prism.	SE/TE: 640-643, 644-646, 653, 655, R39		
e. Derive and use the formula to determine the surface area of a	SE/TE: 624-626, 630, 631-632, 638-639,		

	rism and express surface area in square units.	640-641, 644, 653, R39		
S	TANDARD V: Students will construct, analyze, and construct reason	onable conclusions from data and apply bas	sic concepts of prob	eability.
	ercentage of coverage in the <i>student and teacher edition</i> for eandard V:100%	Percentage of coverage not in student or teacher edition, but covered in the <i>ancillary material</i> for Standard V:%		
o	bjectives & Indicators	Coverage in Student Edition(SE) and Teacher Edition (TE) (pg #'s, etc.)	Coverage in Ancillary Material (titles, pg #'s, etc.)	Not covered in TE, SE or ancillaries ✓
me	jective 5.1: Formulate and answer questions using statistical thods to compare data, and propose and justify inferences sed on data.			
a.	Construct, analyze, and display data using an appropriate format (e.g., line plots, bar graphs, line graphs).	SE/TE: 279-281, 284-286, 289-292, 293, 294-297, 299-303, 306-310, 312-317, R18, R19, R20, R21		
b.	Recognize the differences in representing categorical and numerical data.	SE/TE: 12-13, 276, 279, 289-292, 293		
c.	Identify minimum and maximum values for a set of data.	SE/TE: 13, 278, 284-288, 292, 293, 298, R18, R21, R64		
d.	Identify and calculate the mean, median, mode, and range.	SE/TE: 279-281, 285-288, 293, R17, R18, R19, R63		
Ob	jective 5.2: Apply basic concepts of probability.			
a.	Describe the results of experiments involving random outcomes using a variety of notations (e.g., 4 out of 9, 4/9).	SE/TE: 660, 661-663, 665, 666-667, 668-672, 673, 674-675, 676, 677-680, 681, 685, R40, R41		
b.	Recognize that probability is always a value between 0 and 1 (inclusively).	SE/TE: 658, 668-670, 676, 687		
c.	Express the likelihood of an outcome in a simple experiment as a value between 0 and 1 (inclusively).	SE/TE: 658, 666-667, 668-672, 676		